

Proof of Theorem 230

The theorem to be proved is

$$\text{Chop } \epsilon = \epsilon \quad \star$$

Suppose the theorem does not hold. Then, with the variables held fixed,

$$(H) \quad [[\neg (\text{Chop } \epsilon) = (\epsilon)]]$$

Special cases of the hypothesis and previous results:

- 0: $\neg \text{Chop } \epsilon = \epsilon$ from H
- 1: $P((\text{Half}(Q\epsilon)) + (\text{Half}(R\epsilon))) = \text{Chop } \epsilon$ from [229](#); ϵ
- 2: $Q\epsilon = 1$ from [189](#)
- 3: $R\epsilon = 0$ from [189](#)
- 4: $\epsilon = 0$ from [185](#)
- 5: $\text{Half}0 = 0$ from [221](#)
- 6: $\text{Half}1 = 0$ from [221](#)
- 7: $0 + 0 = 0$ from [12](#); 0
- 8: $P0 = 0$ from [16](#)

Equality substitutions:

- 9: $\neg Q\epsilon = 1 \vee \neg P((\text{Half}(Q\epsilon)) + (\text{Half}(R\epsilon))) = \text{Chop } \epsilon \vee P((\text{Half}(1)) + (\text{Half}(R\epsilon))) = \text{Chop } \epsilon$
- 10: $\neg R\epsilon = 0 \vee \neg P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}(R\epsilon))) = \text{Chop } \epsilon \vee P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}(0))) = \text{Chop } \epsilon$
- 11: $\neg \text{Half}0 = 0 \vee \neg P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}0)) = \text{Chop } \epsilon \vee P((\text{Half}1) + (0)) = \text{Chop } \epsilon$
- 12: $\neg \text{Half}1 = 0 \vee P((\text{Half}1) + 0) = P0 \vee \neg P((0) + 0) = P0$
- 13: $\neg 0 + 0 = 0 \vee P(0 + 0) = P0 \vee \neg P(0) = P0$
- 14: $\neg P0 = 0 \vee \neg \text{Chop } \epsilon = P0 \vee \text{Chop } \epsilon = 0$
- 15: $\neg P((\text{Half}1) + 0) = \text{Chop } \epsilon \vee \neg P((\text{Half}1) + 0) = P0 \vee \text{Chop } \epsilon = P0$
- 16: $\neg \text{Chop } \epsilon = 0 \vee \text{Chop } \epsilon = \epsilon \vee \neg 0 = \epsilon$

Inferences:

17: $\neg \text{Chop}\epsilon = 0 \vee \neg \epsilon = 0$ by

0: $\neg \text{Chop}\epsilon = \epsilon$

16: $\neg \text{Chop}\epsilon = 0 \vee \text{Chop}\epsilon = \epsilon \vee \neg \epsilon = 0$

18: $\neg Q\epsilon = 1 \vee P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$ by

1: $P((\text{Half}(Q\epsilon)) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$

9: $\neg Q\epsilon = 1 \vee \neg P((\text{Half}(Q\epsilon)) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chop}\epsilon \vee P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$

19: $P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$ by

2: $Q\epsilon = 1$

18: $\neg Q\epsilon = 1 \vee P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$

20: $\neg P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chop}\epsilon \vee P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}0)) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$ by

3: $\text{R}\epsilon = 0$

10: $\neg \text{R}\epsilon = 0 \vee \neg P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chop}\epsilon \vee P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}0)) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$

21: $\neg \text{Chop}\epsilon = 0$ by

4: $\epsilon = 0$

17: $\neg \text{Chop}\epsilon = 0 \vee \neg \epsilon = 0$

22: $\neg P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}0)) = \text{Chop}\epsilon \vee P((\text{Half}1) + 0) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$ by

5: $\text{Half}0 = 0$

11: $\neg \text{Half}0 = 0 \vee \neg P((\text{Half}1) + (\text{Half}0)) = \text{Chop}\epsilon \vee P((\text{Half}1) + 0) = \text{Chop}\epsilon$

23: $P((\text{Half}1) + 0) = P0 \vee \neg P(0 + 0) = P0$ by

6: $\text{Half}1 = 0$

12: $\neg \text{Half}1 = 0 \vee P((\text{Half}1) + 0) = P0 \vee \neg P(0 + 0) = P0$

24: $P(0 + 0) = P0$ by

7: $0 + 0 = 0$

13: $\neg 0 + 0 = 0 \vee P(0 + 0) = P0$

25: $\neg \text{Chop}\epsilon = P0 \vee \text{Chop}\epsilon = 0$ by

8: $P0 = 0$

14: $\neg P0 = 0 \vee \neg \text{Chop}\epsilon = P0 \vee \text{Chop}\epsilon = 0$

- 26: $P((\text{Half1}) + (\text{Half0})) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$ by
 19: $P((\text{Half1}) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$
 20: $\neg P((\text{Half1}) + (\text{Half}(\text{R}\epsilon))) = \text{Chope}\epsilon \vee P((\text{Half1}) + (\text{Half0})) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$
- 27: $\neg \text{Chope}\epsilon = \text{P0}$ by
 21: $\neg \text{Chope}\epsilon = 0$
 25: $\neg \text{Chope}\epsilon = \text{P0} \vee \text{Chope}\epsilon = 0$
- 28: $P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{P0}$ by
 24: $P(0 + 0) = \text{P0}$
 23: $P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{P0} \vee \neg P(0 + 0) = \text{P0}$
- 29: $P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$ by
 26: $P((\text{Half1}) + (\text{Half0})) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$
 22: $\neg P((\text{Half1}) + (\text{Half0})) = \text{Chope}\epsilon \vee P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$
- 30: $\neg P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{Chope}\epsilon \vee \neg P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{P0}$ by
 27: $\neg \text{Chope}\epsilon = \text{P0}$
 15: $\neg P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{Chope}\epsilon \vee \neg P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{P0} \vee \text{Chope}\epsilon = \text{P0}$
- 31: $\neg P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$ by
 28: $P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{P0}$
 30: $\neg P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{Chope}\epsilon \vee \neg P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{P0}$
- 32: *QEA* by
 29: $P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$
 31: $\neg P((\text{Half1}) + 0) = \text{Chope}\epsilon$