

## Proof of Theorem 220

The theorem to be proved is

$$\text{Parity } x = 1 \rightarrow \text{Half } Sx = S \text{ Half } x$$

Suppose the theorem does not hold. Then, with the variables held fixed,

$$(H) \quad [((\text{Parity } x) = (1)) \ \& \ [\neg (\text{Half}(Sx)) = (S(\text{Half}x))]]$$

### Special cases of the hypothesis and previous results:

- 0:  $\text{Parity } x = 1$  from  $H:x$
- 1:  $\neg \text{Half}(Sx) = S(\text{Half}x)$  from  $H:x$
- 2:  $S0 = 1$  from [115](#)
- 3:  $C((\text{Parity } x, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx)$  from [218;x](#)
- 4:  $C((S0, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$  from [33;Halfx;S\(Halfx\);0](#)

### Equality substitutions:

- 5:  $\neg \text{Parity } x = 1 \vee \neg C((\text{Parity } x, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx) \vee C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx)$
- 6:  $\neg S0 = 1 \vee \neg C((S0, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x) \vee C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$
- 7:  $\neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx) \vee \neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x) \vee \text{Half}(Sx) = S(\text{Half}x)$

### Inferences:

- 8:  $\neg C((\text{Parity } x, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx) \vee C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx)$   
by
  - 0:  $\text{Parity } x = 1$
  - 5:  $\neg \text{Parity } x = 1 \vee \neg C((\text{Parity } x, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx) \vee C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx)$
- 9:  $\neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx) \vee \neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$   
by
  - 1:  $\neg \text{Half}(Sx) = S(\text{Half}x)$

- 7:  $\neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx) \quad \vee \quad \neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$   
 $\vee$   $\text{Half}(Sx) = S(\text{Half}x)$
- 10:  $\neg C((S0, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x) \quad \vee \quad C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$  by  
2:  $S0 = 1$   
6:  $\neg S0 = 1 \quad \vee \quad \neg C((S0, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x) \quad \vee \quad C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$
- 11:  $C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx)$  by  
3:  $C((\text{Parity}x, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx)$   
8:  $\neg C((\text{Parity}x, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx) \quad \vee \quad C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx)$
- 12:  $C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$  by  
4:  $C((S0, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$   
10:  $\neg C((S0, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x) \quad \vee \quad C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$
- 13:  $\neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$  by  
11:  $C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx)$   
9:  $\neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = \text{Half}(Sx) \quad \vee \quad \neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$
- 14: *QEA* by  
12:  $C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$   
13:  $\neg C((1, \text{Half}x, S(\text{Half}x))) = S(\text{Half}x)$