## Proof of Theorem 210b

The theorem to be proved is

Parity  $x = 0 \rightarrow \operatorname{Parity}(x+0) = \operatorname{Parity} 0$ 

Suppose the theorem does not hold. Then, with the variables held fixed,

(H)  $[[(Parityx) = (0)] \& [\neg (Parity(x+0)) = (Parity0)]]$ 

## Special cases of the hypothesis and previous results:

- 0: Parityx = 0 from H:x
- 1:  $\neg$  Parity(x + 0) = Parity0 from H:x
- 2: Parity0 = 0 from <u>208</u>
- 3: x + 0 = x from <u>12</u>;x

## Equality substitutions:

- 4:  $\neg$  Parity $x = 0 \lor$  Parity $0 = \frac{\text{Parity}x}{\nabla} \lor \neg$  Parity0 = 0
- 5:  $\neg x + 0 = x \lor \operatorname{Parity}(x + 0) = \operatorname{Parity}(0 \lor \neg \operatorname{Parity}(x) = \operatorname{Parity}(0)$

## Inferences:

6: Parity
$$0$$
 = Parity $x \lor \neg$  Parity $0 = 0$  by  
0: Parity $x = 0$   
4:  $\neg$  Parity $x = 0 \lor$  Parity $0$  = Parity $x \lor \neg$  Parity $0 = 0$   
7:  $\neg x + 0 = x \lor \neg$  Parity $0$  = Parity $x$  by  
1:  $\neg$  Parity $(x + 0) =$  Parity $0$   
5:  $\neg x + 0 = x \lor$  Parity $(x + 0) =$  Parity $0 \lor \neg$  Parity $0 =$  Parity $x$   
8: Parity $0$  = Parity $x$  by  
2: Parity $0$  = Parity $x$  by  
2: Parity $0$  = Parity $x \lor \neg$  Parity $0 = 0$   
9:  $\neg$  Parity $0$  = Parity $x \lor y$   $\neg$  Parity $0 = 0$   
9:  $\neg$  Parity $0$  = Parity $x$  by  
3:  $x + 0 = x$   
7:  $\neg x + 0 = x \lor \neg$  Parity $0$  = Parity $x$   
10: QEA by

8: Parity0 = Parityx9:  $\neg$  Parity0 = Parityx