

Proof of Theorem 162

The theorem to be proved is

$$x < y \rightarrow \exists w \leq y [x + w = y \ \& \ w \neq 0]$$

Suppose the theorem does not hold. Then, with the variables held fixed,

$$(H) \ \forall w [[(x) < (y)] \ \& \ [\neg (w) \leq (y) \ \vee \ \neg (x + w) = (y) \ \vee \ (w) = (0)]]$$

Special cases of the hypothesis and previous results:

- 0: $x < y$ from H: $x;y;y - x$
- 1: $\neg y - x \leq y \ \vee \ \neg x + (y - x) = y \ \vee \ y - x = 0$ from H: $x;y;y - x$
- 2: $\neg x < y \ \vee \ x + (y - x) = y$ from [108](#); $x;y$
- 3: $\neg x < y \ \vee \ \neg y - x = 0$ from [108](#); $x;y$
- 4: $x + (y - x) = (y - x) + x$ from [98](#); $x;y - x$
- 5: $y - x \leq (y - x) + x$ from [71](#); $y - x;x$

Equality substitutions:

- 6: $\neg x + (y - x) = y \ \vee \ \neg x + (y - x) = (y - x) + x \ \vee \ y = (y - x) + x$
- 7: $\neg (y - x) + x = y \ \vee \ \neg y - x \leq (y - x) + x \ \vee \ y - x \leq y$

Inferences:

- 8: $x + (y - x) = y$ by
 - 0: $x < y$
 - 2: $\neg x < y \ \vee \ x + (y - x) = y$
- 9: $\neg y - x = 0$ by
 - 0: $x < y$
 - 3: $\neg x < y \ \vee \ \neg y - x = 0$
- 10: $\neg x + (y - x) = y \ \vee \ (y - x) + x = y$ by
 - 4: $x + (y - x) = (y - x) + x$
 - 6: $\neg x + (y - x) = y \ \vee \ \neg x + (y - x) = (y - x) + x \ \vee \ (y - x) + x = y$

- 11: $\neg(y - x) + x = y \vee y - x \leq y$ by
 5: $y - x \leq (y - x) + x$
 7: $\neg(y - x) + x = y \vee \neg y - x \leq (y - x) + x \vee y - x \leq y$
- 12: $\neg y - x \leq y \vee y - x = 0$ by
 8: $x + (y - x) = y$
 1: $\neg y - x \leq y \vee \neg x + (y - x) = y \vee y - x = 0$
- 13: $(y - x) + x = y$ by
 8: $x + (y - x) = y$
 10: $\neg x + (y - x) = y \vee (y - x) + x = y$
- 14: $\neg y - x \leq y$ by
 9: $\neg y - x = 0$
 12: $\neg y - x \leq y \vee y - x = 0$
- 15: $y - x \leq y$ by
 13: $(y - x) + x = y$
 11: $\neg(y - x) + x = y \vee y - x \leq y$
- 16: *QEA* by
 14: $\neg y - x \leq y$
 15: $y - x \leq y$