

Proof of Theorem 151

The theorem to be proved is

$$p_{150}(q, x) \ \& \ p_{150}(q', x) \ \rightarrow \ q = q'$$

Suppose the theorem does not hold. Then, with the variables held fixed,

$$(H) \ \neg[[p_{150}((qx))] \ \& \ [p_{150}((q'x))] \ \& \ [\neg(q = (q'))]]$$

Special cases of the hypothesis and previous results:

- 0: $p_{150}((qx))$ from $H:q:x:q'$
- 1: $p_{150}((q'x))$ from $H:q:x:q'$
- 2: $\neg q' = q$ from $H:q:x:q'$
- 3: $\neg p_{150}((qx)) \vee \neg p_{150}((q'x)) \vee \neg q < q'$ from [151a](#); $q;x;q'$
- 4: $\neg p_{150}((q'x)) \vee \neg p_{150}((qx)) \vee \neg q' < q$ from [151a](#); $q';x;q$
- 5: $q < q' \vee q' = q \vee q' < q$ from [77](#); $q;q'$

Inferences:

- 6: $\neg p_{150}((q'x)) \vee \neg q < q'$ by
 - 0: $p_{150}((qx))$
 - 3: $\neg p_{150}((qx)) \vee \neg p_{150}((q'x)) \vee \neg q < q'$
- 7: $\neg p_{150}((q'x)) \vee \neg q' < q$ by
 - 0: $p_{150}((qx))$
 - 4: $\neg p_{150}((q'x)) \vee \neg p_{150}((qx)) \vee \neg q' < q$
- 8: $\neg q < q'$ by
 - 1: $p_{150}((q'x))$
 - 6: $\neg p_{150}((q'x)) \vee \neg q < q'$
- 9: $\neg q' < q$ by
 - 1: $p_{150}((q'x))$
 - 7: $\neg p_{150}((q'x)) \vee \neg q' < q$
- 10: $q < q' \vee q' < q$ by
 - 2: $\neg q' = q$
 - 5: $q < q' \vee q' = q \vee q' < q$

11: $q' < q$ by

8: $\neg q < q'$

10: $q < q' \vee q' < q$

12: *QEA* by

9: $\neg q' < q$

11: $q' < q$